

Aggregate Product

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier: Aggregate Product

Other means of identification:

Aggregate Mineral White Aglime Quick Lime Granite Tripolite Opaline Silica Calcium Sulfate Dihydrate Limestone

Gypsum Stone Dolomite
Hydrated Lime Granite
Caustic Lime Basalt
Aggregate Base Crushed Sand
with Lime Gravel

Hydrated Calium Sulfate

Relevant Uses: Basic component in Building Materials and Construction Applications

Manufacturers Name: CEMEX

Address: 929 Gessner Road, Suite 1900

Houston TX, 77024

T Customer Care 1-800-99-CEMEX

Emergency telephone number: CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

Section 2. Hazards Identification

As packaged, this material does not present significant health hazards. The hazards below apply to the product if aerosols or dusts are generated from cutting, grinding, or pulverizing.

OSHA/HCS status: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29

CFR 1910.1200).

Category Classification(s): CARCINOGENICITY/INHALATION - Category 1

GHS label elements:

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: May cause cancer (Inhalation, Dermal).

Precautionary Statements: Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention Dispose of contents/container to comply with local/regional/national regulations

Other Hazards: Not applicable

Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/mixture: Aggregate Product

Ingredient Name	% Content	CAS number
Component of all aggregate products: Crystalline Silica (Quartz) (Note: Aggregate products are naturally occurring materials of variable composition which may contain greater than 0.1% crystalline silica. For example, limestone typically contains less than 1% crystalline silica, granite and gravel up to 40% and sand, up to 100%)	0 - 100	14808-60-7
Component of limestone only: Limestone (calcium carbonate, CaCO ₃)	45 - 100	1317-65-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4. First-Aid Measures

As packaged, this material does not present significant health hazards. The hazards below apply to the product if aerosols or dusts are generated from cutting, grinding, or pulverizing.

Description of necessary first aid measures:

General: Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to

protect themselves.

Eye contact: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes

with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove

any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation: Seek medical help if coughing or other symptoms persist. Inhalation of large amounts of

Aggregate Products requires immediate medical attention. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If the individual is not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position

and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Skin contact: Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess product. Immediately wash thoroughly with

lukewarm, gently flowing water and non-abrasive pH neutral soap. Seek medical attention for irritation, dermatitis and prolonged unprotected exposures. Get medical attention if irritation

persists.

Ingestion: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Have victim rinse mouth

thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Have victim drink 60 to 240 mL (2 to 8 oz.) of water. Stop giving water if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Potential symptoms and effects from acute exposures (delayed or immediate):

Eye contact: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: May cause mechanical skin irritation.

Ingestion: Not expected to be a significant route of entry. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort.

Potential symptoms and effects from over-exposures:

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering and redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation and coughing

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Recommendations for immediate medical attention / treatment:

If large quantities have been Ingested or inhaled:

Seek medical treatment and contact poison treatment specialist immediately.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Non-flammable. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical:

No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition

products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon

monoxide, sulfur oxides and metal oxide/oxides products:

Special protective actions for

firefighters:

Evacuate area. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Move

containers from fire area if this can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters:

Positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and structural firefighters'

protective clothing will provide adequate protection.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. For personal protective clothing requirements, please see Section 8.

For non-emergency personnel: Evacuate area, if necessary. Contact emergency personnel, if needed. Do not breathe dust.

Stay upwind.

For emergency responders: Evacuate surrounding areas if necessary. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from

entering. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions:

Avoid release to the environment. Contain the spill to avoid the discharge of spilled material into drains, surface waters and/or groundwater. If the spilled material enters any drainage systems, surface waters and/or groundwater, follow all applicable local, state and federal laws and regulations for additional clean-up and/or reporting requirements.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small and large spills:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as described in Section 8 for cleaning, containing and removing the spill. Minimize generation of dust. For small spills, clean with a vacuum with a filtration system sufficient to remove and prevent recirculation of cement dust (a vacuum equipped with a high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter is recommended). For large spills, use control dust measures and carefully scoop or shovel into clean dry container for later reuse or disposal. DO NOT USE COMPRESSED AIR TO CLEAN SPILLS. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of

skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure by obtaining and following special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear

appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and

smoking.

Conditions for safe storage: Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep separated

from incompatible substances.

Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable	
Quartz (crystalline silica)	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable	
	OSHA PEL Z-3 (United States, 9/2005). TWA: 10mg/m³ divided by %SiO2 + 2: Respirable TWA: 30mg/m³ divided by %SiO2 + 2: Total	
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total	
Limestone	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total Dust	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust	
Posticulates Not Otherwise Persulated (Total Dust)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012) TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust	
Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (Total Dust)	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust	

Not applicable.

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Controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, use process enclosures,

local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne

contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they

comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Hygiene

Wash Clean water should always be readily available for skin and (emergency) eye washing.

Periodically wash areas contacted by Aggregate Products with a pH neutral soap and clean,

uncontaminated water. Rem

Remove protective equipment and dusty clothing before entering eating areas.

PPE

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Eye/face protection: In case of dust production: protective goggles. Wearing contact lenses when working with

cement is not recommended.

Hand protection: Wear gloves to prevent mechanical irritation. Recommended material: Nitrile®

Body protection: Under dusty conditions or when excessive skin contact is likely, wear coveralls or other

suitable work clothing.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved. Footwear and other gear to protect the

skin should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and assigned protection factor of the

selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Not applicable.

Not applicable.

Physical State: Powder/Solid Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits: Not applicable. Color: Gray, white, various shades Vapor pressure: Not applicable. Odor: Odorless. Vapor density: Not applicable. Odor threshold: Not available. Relative density: 2.25 to 2.8 pH (in water): 4.0 to 10.0 Solubility: Not applicable.. Melting point: Not available. Solubility In water: Not applicable. Boiling point: >1000°C (>1832°F) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable. Flash point: Not flammable. Not combustible. Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable. Burning time: Not available. Decomposition temperature: Not available. Not available. Burning rate: Not available. SADT:

Viscosity:

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Not reactive under normal conditions of storage and use.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids, aluminum

and ammonium salt. Limestone ignites on contact with fluorine and is incompatible with acids, alum, ammonium salts, and magnesium. Silica reacts violently with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride yielding possible fire and/or explosions. Silicates dissolve readily in hydrofluoric

acid producing a corrosive gas — silicon tetrafluoride.

Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Toxicological Effects

Acute toxicity: Aggregate ProductsLD50/LC50 = Not available

Irritation/Corrosion: Skin: May cause skin irritation.

Eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Respiratory: May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Sensitization: May cause sensitization due to the potential presence of trace amounts of hexavalent

chromium.

Mutagenicity: Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified.

Teratogenicity: Not classified.

Aspiration hazard: Not classified.

Carcinogenicity Classification:

Ingredient	OSHA	IARC	ACGIH	NTP
Quartz (crystalline silica)	-	1	A2	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Product not classified

Ingredient	Category	Route of Exposure	Target Organs
Quartz (crystalline silica)	Category 3	Inhalation	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Product not classified

Ingredient	Category	Route of Exposure	Target Organs
Quartz (crystalline silica)	Category 2	Inhalation	Respiratory tract and kidneys

Routes of exposure - Dermal contact, Eye contact, Inhalation, and Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects: Eye contact: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: May cause irritation.

Ingestion: Not an anticipated route of entry. May cause gastrointestinal discomfort.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness **Inhalation**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing **Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness,

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure:

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects:

General: Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation. If sensitized to hexavalent chromium, a severe allergic dermal reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: Quartz (crystalline silica) is considered a hazard by inhalation. IARC has classified Quartz (crystalline silica) as a Group 1 substance, carcinogenic to humans. This classification is based on the findings of laboratory animal studies (inhalation and implantation) and epidemiology studies that were considered sufficient for carcinogenicity. Excessive exposure to Quartz (crystalline silica) can cause silicosis, a non-cancerous lung

disease.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity: There are no data available - acute toxicity estimates.

Section 12. Ecological

Toxicity

Persistence and degradability: There are no data available.

Bioaccumulation potential: There are no data available.

Mobility in soil: Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ecotoxicity: No recognized unusual toxicity to plants or animals

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal methods: Salvage spilled sand and gravel where possible. Uncontaminated sand and gravel may be

reused. Dispose of waste material in accordance with local, state and federal laws and

regulations.

Section 14. Transport Information

Special precautions for user:

Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or

spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:

Not Regulated.

Transport Parameters	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN Number	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	-	-	-
Transport Hazard Class	-	-	-
Packing Group	-	-	ē
Environmental Hazard	None	None	None
Additional Information	-	-	-

Section 15. Regulatory Information

Status under USDOL-OSHA Hazard Communication Rule, 29 CFR 1910.1200

This product is considered a "hazardous chemical" under this regulation, and should be part of any hazard communication program.

Status under CERCLA/SUPERFUND 40 CFR 117 and 302

Not listed.

Hazard Category under SARA(Title III), Sections 311 and 312

This product qualifies as a "hazardous substance" with delayed health effects.

Status under SARA (Title III), Section 313

This product does not contain Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know (EPCRA") Section 313 chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration specified in EPCRA Section 313 Section 372.38(a). Trace amounts of naturally occurring chemicals might be detected during chemical analysis.

Status under TSCA (as of May 1997)

The ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.

Status under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act

This product is a "hazardous substance" subject to statutes promulgated under the subject act.

Status under California Proposition 65

This product contains up to 0.05 percent of chemicals (trace elements) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. California law requires the manufacturer to give the above warning in the absence of definitive testing to prove that the defined risks do not exist.

State Right to Know:

Quartz (crystalline silica) (14808-60-7)

U.S. - Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

Limestone (1317-65-3)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Washington - Permissible Exposure Limits - TWAs

Section 16. Other Information

Approval or Revision History

Date of issue (mm/dd/yyyy): July 1998

Revision: April 2011 (Michael Tilton)

Revison: Jun 2015 - Revised Section(s) per HCS-GHS

Notice to reader

While the information provided in this safety data sheet is believed to provide a useful summary of the hazards of Aggregate Products as it is commonly used, the sheet cannot anticipate and provide all of the information that might be needed in every situation. Inexperienced product users should obtain proper training before using this product. In particular, the data furnished in this sheet do not address hazards that may be posed by other materials mixed with Aggregates to produce Aggregate products. Users should review other relevant material safety data sheets.

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Abbreviations

ACGIH — American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS — Chemical Abstract Service

CERCLA — Comprehensive Emergency Response and Comprehensive Liability Act

CFR — Code of Federal Regulations DOT — Department of Transportation

GHS - Globally Harmonized System Globally Harmonized System

HEPA - High Efficiency Particulate Air

IATA — International Air Transport Association

IARC — International Agency for Research on Cancer

IMDG — International Maritime Dangerous Goods

NIOSH — National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC — No Observed Effect Concentration

NTP — National Toxicology Program

OSHA — Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL — Permissible Exposure Limit

REL — Recommended Exposure Limit RQ — Reportable Quantity

SARA — Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SDS — Safety Data Sheet

TLV — Threshold Limit Value

TPQ — Threshold Planning Quantity

TSCA — Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA — Time-Weighted Average

UN — United Nations